

ORCA GOLD INC.

THIRD QUARTER REPORT

For the Nine Months Ended

September 30, 2014

ORCA GOLD INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

(Amounts in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise indicated)

The following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of Orca Gold Inc. ("Orca" or the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and the December 31, 2013 year end audited consolidated financial statements and related notes therein. The financial information in this MD&A is reported in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated and is partly derived from the Company's consolidated interim financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The effective date of this MD&A is November 26, 2014. Additional information about the Company and its business activities is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and the Company's website www.orcagold.com.

Orca is a junior exploration company focused on the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Africa. Its current exploration focus is on the Arabian Nubian Shield in the north of Sudan, where it currently holds the Block 14 prospecting license. This property is located close to the Egyptian border, 700 km north of Khartoum and 300 km west of the Red Sea. The nearest significant population centre is the town of Abu Hamad located 160 km due south of the Block 14 prospecting license perimeter. Block 14's total area is 7,046 km².

All exploration and mining projects in Sudan are subject to The Mineral Resources Development and Mining Act, 2007, which sets forth the legal and fiscal framework for the administration of the country's mineral industry by the Ministry of Energy and Mining ("MEM"). Industrial levels of exploration and mining rights are provided for in the Mining Code, defined by concession agreements and granted under exclusive prospecting licenses and the mining leases (the "Concession Agreement").

The license for Block 14 was originally granted to Orca's partner, Meyas Nub Multiactivities Co. Ltd. ("Meyas Nub") under a Concession Agreement dated May 19, 2010 and is in good standing. The license is currently held by Meyas Sand Minerals Company Ltd ("MSMCL"). Sand Metals Company Ltd. ("SMCL"), a 100% owned subsidiary of Orca, and Meyas Nub own 70% and 30% of MSMCL respectively. Under the Concession Agreement, MEM has a right to a 20% free-carried interest in any mining operation developed on Block 14. Under an agreement between SMCL and Meyas Nub, MEM's 20% interest will come from Meyas Nub's current 30% ownership interest in MSMCL.

During the third quarter, the license for Block 68, which was originally granted to SMCL on July 17, 2011 under a concession agreement, was relinquished following the conclusion of the Company's review of technical results and reprioritization of its mineral projects. No significant exploration costs have been incurred on Block 68 over the past 12 months.

The technical contents of this MD&A have been reviewed by Hugh Stuart, CGeol., FGS, a Qualified Person pursuant to NI 43-101. Mr. Stuart holds the position of Vice President Exploration of the Company. Some of the statements in this MD&A are forward-looking statements that are subject to risk factors set out in the cautionary note contained herein.

THIRD QUARTER OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Orca's sole mineral exploration license at September 30, 2014 is Block 14, which has been and continues to be the Company's exploration focus thus far in 2014. Since Q1 2014, when an initial NI 43-101 compliant mineral resource estimate at the Galat Sufar South ("GSS") target was identified, Orca's exploration efforts have been focused on extending the resource through drilling and geophysics, on evaluating other targets on Block 14, and on hydrological studies, all of which are designed to further enhance the prospectivity of Block 14.

The results from this work, including the initial discovery of the EG3.2 Prospect, located approximately 60km east of GSS, and its subsequent expansion in the third quarter, and the developments in and around GSS noted below, supported the Company's decision to make the third and last option payment to Meyas Nub on August 28, 2014, thus crystalizing its interest in Block 14 at 70% (see "Liquidity and Capital Resources" section of this MD&A).

New High Grade Zones at GSS

Ongoing exploration at GSS has resulted in the discovery of additional prospective mineralized intersections. J Zone, located contiguous to and south-east of the main zone of the current mineral resource at GSS, was drilled and has yielded positive results including the following intercepts (see News Release dated September 10, 2014):

- 16 metres at 4.70 Au g/t (4.49 Au g/t cut);
- 22 metres at 3.65 Au g/t (3.21 Au g/t cut);
- 12 metres at 3.94 Au g/t (3.21 Au g/t cut); and
- 17 metres at 5.04 Au g/t (4.18 Au g/t cut).

The discovery at J Zone is encouraging and further increases the prospectivity of Block 14. Exploration at J Zone is ongoing.

Connection of Previous Prospects

As the Company's understanding of the geology at Block 14 strengthens, management is now beginning to be able to connect a number of previously identified targets in the North East Zone (see News Release dated September 10, 2014).

Specifically, the Company has developed a 1.5 km, north east striking resource target extending from the eastern edge of the current resource, linking a number of previous prospects, including the East of East Target, the Carbonate Ridge SW Target and the Carbonate Ridge NE Target. This mineralized trend includes the following intercepts:

- 24 metres at 3.03 Au g/t (2.78 Au g/t cut) at the East of East Target;
- 15 metres at 2.99 Au g/t (1.84 Au g/t cut) at the Carbonate Ridge SW Target; and
- 17 metres at 8.20 Au g/t (6.21 Au g/t cut) at the Carbonate Ridge NE Target;

The mineralization is similar in nature and style to the current mineral resource at GSS and has led to the Company's re-evaluation of areas with a prominent carbonate presence, such as this area located to the north of the current resource at GSS.

The Company is further encouraged by these developments, and is continuing exploration, including systematic fence drilling of this mineralized trend in the second half of 2014, with the aim of increasing the current GSS resource inventory.

Hydrological Studies

Hydrological studies continued during Q3 2014, with pump tests being performed on various targets. Positive results were received from one borehole, which tested a sequence of cretaceous sandstones to the north of the license and further studies will be scheduled for 2015.

RESULTS FROM OPERATIONS

As a junior exploration company, Orca has no expectation of generating operating profits until it identifies and develops a commercially viable mineral deposit. Orca incurred net losses of \$3.7 million (2013: \$3.5 million) and \$11.7 million (2013: \$17.7 million) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. Exploration and administration expenses account for approximately 80% and 20% of the loss, respectively.

Exploration costs are the most significant expenditure of the Company and have been expensed in accordance with its accounting policy. A detailed breakdown of exploration costs is provided in the notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. Drilling and other technical geological costs, such as assays, accounted for almost half of the exploration costs, with technical staff in support of all of aspects of exploration activities being the second largest cost for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014. In addition, costs related to logistics and infrastructure are high due to the remoteness of the properties. As fully described under the section "Operating Highlights", the focus of activities was Block 14, accounting for approximately 95% of Orca's year-to-date exploration costs.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, excluding stock-based compensation of \$0.1 million (2013: \$0.4 million) and \$0.7 million (2013: \$2.0 million), respectively, administration costs were \$0.7 million (2013: \$0.7 million) and \$1.9 million (2013: \$1.4 million), respectively. The higher costs over the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to 2013 is the result of lower costs during the Q1 2013, which reflected the lower support costs of Orca's predecessor company, a privately held company in its formative stages at the time. There was a step change in administrative costs starting in Q2 2013 to reflect the necessary complement of ongoing head office expenses of a public company.

Stock-based compensation, a non-cash cost, reflects the amortization of the estimated fair value of options over their vesting period. The calculation of the fair value of options is based to a large degree on the Company's share price and its volatility. The actual future value to the option holders may differ materially from these estimates as it depends on the trading price of Orca's shares if and when the options are exercised. In addition, as the granting of options and their vesting is at the discretion of the Board, the related expense is unlikely to be uniform across quarters or financial years.

Interest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 is of \$0.2 million (2013: \$0.2 million) and \$0.5 million (2013: \$0.3 million), respectively, which reflect the interest earned from cash held on deposit and invested in short-term money market instruments. Foreign exchange gains or losses reflect the short-term fluctuations of foreign currencies used in operations against the Canadian dollar in the first half of the year.

No tax recovery is recognized as a result of the nature of activities and lack of expectations of profits in the near term.

The Company also reported foreign exchange translation losses of \$0.2 million (2013: gain of \$0.2 million) and \$0.2 million (2013: gain of \$0.2 million) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, on translation of subsidiary company accounts from their functional currency to the Canadian dollar presentation currency. This is principally the result of the strengthening of the Canadian dollar against the Euro.

Key operating statistics and financial results for the last eight quarters are provided in the table below.

Three Months Ended	Sep-14	Jun-14	Mar-14	Dec-13	Sept-13	Jun-13	Mar-13	Dec-12
Exploration costs (\$000's)	2,983	3,158	3,289	4,692	2,487	4,557	2,975	3,040
Total loss (\$000's)	3,709	3,831	4,124	5,474	3,501	7,230	6,998	3,146
Net loss attributed to the Company's shareholders (\$000's)	2,579	2,445	2,654	3,370	2,435	4,746	5,436	2,119
Net loss per share attributed to the Company's shareholders, basic and diluted (\$)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.14	0.06

The nature and extent of exploration activities carried out under specific work programs affect the costs incurred and loss reported in any given quarter. Over the last eight quarters, Orca has been focused on exploration in Sudan as it advanced the evaluation of some of its properties to the drilling and resource definition phase.

Under its accounting policies, Orca capitalizes the acquisition cost of mining and exploration rights. The loss in Q1 2013 reflects the write-down of the acquisition costs of two properties relative to which Orca decided to cease further exploration on the basis of its continuous assessment of technical results and reprioritization of its mineral projects (\$3.9 million). The loss in Q2 2013 also includes higher stock-based compensation expense due to the immediate partial vesting of newly granted options during the period, the listing expense acquired on April 4, 2013, and increased administration costs. Lower administrative costs were incurred in 2012 and in the first quarter of 2013 before the Company became a public company trading on the TSX-V.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At September 30, 2014, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$29.5 million, fixed income short-term investments of \$3.0 million and working capital of \$30.8 million as compared to cash and cash equivalents of \$48.0 million and working capital of \$45.0 million at December 31, 2013. Other than for general corporate and administrative costs, the majority of funds spent by Orca are directed towards exploration in Sudan. The short-term investments have a maturity of approximately six months from the date of purchase.

Orca's interest on its Block 14 was acquired on March 1, 2012 when SMCL acquired the right and option to a 70% interest in MSMCL from Meyas Nub. Under the purchase agreement, SMCL agreed to pay USD \$9.5 million in three installments in exchange for an increasing ownership interest in MSMCL, as follows:

Date	Payment	Total ownership interest
March 1, 2012	USD \$3.5 million	35.0%
September 30, 2013	USD \$3.0 million	52.5%
September 30, 2014	USD \$3.0 million	70.0%

Under the agreement, the Company must fund all exploration, development and construction costs to commercial production in accordance with the purchase agreement.

On August 28, 2014, following the continued encouraging discoveries and exploration results on Block 14, the Company made its third and final installment payment of USD \$3.0 million, thereby purchasing an additional 17.5% interest in MSMCL, and crystalizing this interest at 70%. Accordingly, the Company adjusted the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests disclosed in its shareholders' equity to reflect the new relative ownership interests in MSMCL. Orca also recognized directly in equity the difference between the amount paid by which the non-controlling interest was adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid (i.e. USD \$3.0 million).

Based on the Company's financial position at September 30, 2014, the Company has a strong treasury to support its ongoing exploration expenditures in Sudan and general corporate activities.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related parties with which the Company has transacted during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, were Hugh Stuart Exploration Consulting Ltd. ("HSEC"), RB Energy Inc. ("RB Energy"), Meyas Nub Multiactivities Company Limited ("Meyas Nub") and SinoTech (Hong Kong) Corporate Limited ("SinoTech"). Other than Meyas Nub and SinoTech, these companies are related by way of directors, officers and shareholders in common. Meyas Nub is identified as a related party as a result of its ability to exert significant influence on MSMCL through its non-controlling equity interest. SinoTech is related by virtue of its greater than 10% shareholding in the Company. Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amounts.

Services received from related parties

			nths ended ember 30,		nths ended tember 30,
	Related party	2014	2013	2014	2013
Drilling and exploration support	Meyas Nub	194,387	166,328	624,797	228,709
Geological consulting	SinoTech	24,592	24,201	72,028	32,000
Geological consulting	HSEC	192,351	123,379	472,183	360,093
Management fees	HSEC	-	-	-	40,352
Support and administration	RB Energy	111,000	141,000	333,000	277,300
Support and administration	SinoTech	7,500	14,000	22,500	14,000
Total related parties costs		529,830	468,908	1,524,508	952,454

Related party balances

The amounts due from (to) related parties by the Company, and the components of the consolidated statement of financial position in which they are included, are as follows:

		September 30,	December 31,
	Related party	2014	2013
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Meyas Nub	(141,764)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	RB Energy	(76,545)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	HSEC	(133,296)	(108,550)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	SinoTech	(31,431)	(24,000)
Receivables and other assets	HSEC	-	971

Key management compensation

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel includes the Company's executive officers and vice-presidents.

The remuneration of key management personnel were as follows:

		nths ended	Nine months ended		
	Sep	tember 30,	Se	ptember 30,	
	2014 2013		2014	2013	
Salaries and management fees	141,581	122,949	406,638	239,911	
Short term benefits	2,929	2,907	8,786	5,436	
Stock-based compensation	66,134	198,406	330,672	925,895	
Total key management compensation	210,644	324,262	746,096	1,171,242	

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and judgments. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. These judgments and estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the relevant facts and circumstances taking into account previous experience, but actual results may differ from amounts included in the financial statements. There have been no material changes to the critical accounting estimates discussed in the annual MD&A filed on Sedar on April 30, 2014.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other than the adoption of the new standard as described below, Orca continues to follow the accounting policies described in Note 5 of the Company's December 31, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements that were filed on Sedar on April 30, 2014. The Company has determined that the adoption of the following standard has resulted in no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements:

IFRIC 21, Levies

IFRIC 21 addresses when an entity recognizes a liability to pay a government levy, other than income taxes, in accordance with IAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. In the case of government levies, IFRIC 21 provides clarity that the obligating event that gives rise to the liability is the activity described in the applicable legislation which triggers the payment of the levy.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, short-term investments, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, short-term investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value because of the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including currency, credit and liquidity risk.

Currency risk

Foreign currency risk can arise when the Company or its subsidiaries transact in currencies other than their functional currencies.

(i) Sudanese operations

The Company's Sudanese operating subsidiaries, including SMCL and MSMCL, incur costs in multiple foreign currencies and, therefore, they are exposed to foreign exchange risks arising from these transactions. A significant change in the currency exchange rates could have an effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuations. Based on the approximate costs incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 in the three foreign currencies outlined below, a 10% variation in the exchange rate between these currencies and the European Euro, the functional currency of the Company's Sudanese operating subsidiaries, would have resulted in the following change in costs:

		In thousands of dollars
	Percentage of total costs	Change in costs resulting from a 10% variation in exchange rates
Sudanese pound	34%	426
US dollar	42%	521
British pound	13%	169

As at September 30, 2014, the Company's Sudanese operating subsidiaries' only material foreign currency risk exposures are cash holdings in United Arab Emirates Dirhams with an equivalent of approximately \$426,000 Canadian dollars and a US dollar net financial liability with equivalents of approximately \$368,000 Canadian dollars. A 10% change in the foreign exchange rate between US dollar and the European Euro would give rise to increases/decreases of approximately \$43,000 in financial position/comprehensive loss. Similarly a 10% change in the foreign exchange rate between the Sudanese pound and the European Euro would give rise to increases/decreases of approximately \$37,000 Canadian dollars.

ii) Canadian head office operations

At September 30, 2014, the Company's Canadian head office also held cash in foreign currencies and had net foreign currency financial assets. The estimated impacts of relative currency rate fluctuations between the foreign currencies and the Canadian dollar, the Company's functional currency, based on these total foreign currency exposures are as follows:

			In thousands of dollars
		Net financial	Change in net financial
		asset	position from a 10%
	Foreign currency cash held	(liability)	variation in exchange
	(in source currency)	position	rates
US dollar	58	45	4
British pounds	-	(20)	2

Credit risk

At September 30, 2014, the majority of the Company's cash and short-term investments were held through Canadian institutions with high investment grade ratings.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity requirements are managed based on expected cash flow to ensure that there is capital to meet short term and long term obligations.

Payments due on contractual obligations for the next five years are outlined in the table below.

(Amounts in thousands of dollars)	Total	< 1 year	1 – 3 years	3- 5 years	> 5 years
Accounts payable	1,941	1,941	-	-	-
Total	1,941	1,941	-	-	-

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at November 26, 2014, the Company had 107,405,754 common shares outstanding and 6,353,334 share options outstanding under its stock-based incentive plan and no share purchase warrants outstanding.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The operations of the Company are speculative due to the high risk nature of its business which includes the acquisition, financing, exploration, development and operation of mining properties. These risk factors could materially affect the Company's future operations and could cause actual events to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements relating to the Company. There have been no material changes in the risks and uncertainties affecting the Company that were discussed in the Company's 2013 MD&A that was filed on Sedar on April 30, 2014.

OUTLOOK

Orca is a Canadian resource company focused on exploration opportunities in Africa with an experienced board of directors and management team and a strong balance sheet which includes \$29.5 million in cash, \$3.0 million in short-term investments, and net working capital of \$30.8 million. Management and board are mindful of the subdued equity market conditions in the resource sector and for junior gold exploration companies in particular and the importance of properly managing the treasury. Future exploration programs will continue to be guided by results and prospectivity.

Following confirmation of the initial indicated resource of 1.3 million ounces at 1.84 g/t at GSS on Block 14 earlier on this year, Orca identified other prospective mineralized targets within the immediate proximity of GSS, a second prospective discovery at EG3.2, and received preliminary results of the hydrological work being conducted on Block 14. On August 28, 2014, the Company made its third and final option payment of US \$3.0 million to Meyas Nub to increase and crystalize its interest in MSMCL and Block 14 to 70%.

Orca's work is now focusing on further exploration of the additional prospective targets around GSS and its new discovery at EG3.2, while continuing to identify and explore other targets on Block 14 through drilling and geophysics to further enhance the prospectivity of the license.

In addition, the Company actively pursues future growth opportunities by evaluating other exploration, development or production assets on an on-going basis with a view to building a diversified, African focused exploration company. While at any given time discussions and activities may be in progress on a number of initiatives, Orca currently does not have any binding agreements or binding commitments to enter into any such transactions. There is no assurance that these corporate activities will ever progress to the stage where a potential transaction might be successfully completed.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements made and contained herein in the MD&A and elsewhere may contain statements of forward-looking information. Forward-looking statements are frequently, but not always, identified by words or statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, identified by words or phrases such as "expects", "is expected", "anticipates", "believes", "plans", "projects", "estimates", "assumes", "intends", "strategy", "goals", "objectives", "potential", "possible" or variations thereof or stating that certain actions, events, conditions or results "may", "could", "would", "should", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved, or the negative of any of these terms and similar expressions) are not statements of historical fact and may be forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking information is based on reasonable assumptions that have been made by the Company as at the date of such information and is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to: risks associated with mineral exploration and development; metal and mineral prices; availability of capital; accuracy of projections and estimates; interest and exchange rates; competition; stock price fluctuations; availability of drilling equipment and access; actual results of current exploration activities; government regulation; political or economic developments; environmental risks; insurance risks; capital expenditures; operating or technical difficulties in connection with development activities; personnel relations; the speculative nature of strategic metal exploration and development including the risks of diminishing quantities of grades of resources; contests over title to properties; and changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined.

Forward-looking statements are based on a number of material assumptions, including those listed below, which could prove to be significantly incorrect:

- our ability to achieve exploration targets;
- estimated future mineral prices, capital and operating costs, production and economic returns;
- assumptions underlying the Company's potential future resource estimates;
- our expected ability to develop adequate infrastructure and that the cost of doing so will be reasonable;
- assumptions that all necessary permits and governmental approvals will be obtained;
- assumptions made in the interpretation of drill results, the geology, grade and continuity of the Company's mineral deposits;
- our expectations regarding demand for equipment, skilled labour and services needed for exploration, development and operations of mineral properties; and
- our assumption that activities will not be adversely disrupted or impeded by development, operating or regulatory risks.

Forward-looking statements are statements about the future and are inherently uncertain. The actual results and achievements of the Company or other future events or conditions may differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, without limitation, those referred to in the "Risks and Uncertainties" section of the MD&A. Such factors include, without limitation:

- uncertainty relating to the estimation of the mineralization, resources and reserves;
- risks related to lack of infrastructure, or interference with access to existing infrastructure or other unanticipated difficulties with or interruptions in exploration, development, construction or production;
- uncertainty related to title to the Company's mineral properties;
- risks related to the competitive nature of the mining industry;
- fluctuations in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, the supply and demand of mineral products, marketability, commodity prices and the general volatility of the securities markets;
- risks related to the Company's ability to finance the exploration and development of its mineral properties through external financing, strategic alliances, the sale of property interests or otherwise;
- the presence of potentially uninsurable risks;
- acts of the governments of the jurisdictions in which the Company's operations and properties are located and other risks associated with operations in foreign jurisdictions;
- risks related to the third parties on which the Company depends for its exploration, development and operating activities as well as the inherent hazards and risks associated with mining operations;
- risks related to governmental regulation and permits, including environmental regulation;
- risks related to hedging of commodity prices and exchange rates should the Company choose or need to do so;
 and
- conflicts of interest as well as the Company's dependence on its management and technical teams.

This is not meant to be an exhaustive list of the factors that may affect any of the Company's forward-looking statements. Further, the Company's forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, expectations and opinions of management on the date the statements are made, and the Company does not assume any obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's beliefs, expectations or opinions should change, except as required by law. Accordingly, for the reasons set forth above, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Orca Gold Inc. Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,482,028	\$ 47,958,645
Short-term investments	2,982,137	-
Receivables and other assets (Note 4)	228,129_	366,043
	32,692,294	48,324,688
Equipment (Note 5)	1,484,028	1,470,595
Mineral properties (Note 6)	3,982,487	4,138,399
	\$ 38,158,809	\$ 53,933,682
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,940,572	\$ 3,367,821
	1,940,572	3,367,821
EQUITY		
Equity attributed to common shareholders		
Share capital (Note 7)	82,739,268	82,739,268
Contributed surplus	4,133,879	3,352,497
Accumulated other comprehensive income	190,875	841,045
Deficit	(43,282,665)_	(28,179,356)
	43,781,357	58,753,454
Non-controlling interest (Note 13)	(7,563,120)	(8,187,593)
, ,	36,218,237	50,565,861
	\$ 38,158,809	\$ 53,933,682

Approved by the Board of Directors

(signed) "Robert F. Chase"(signed) "Alex Davidson"DirectorDirector

Orca Gold Inc.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss
(All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated)
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine	e months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Administration costs (Note 9) Exploration and project investigation costs (Note 10)	\$ 822,365 2,982,982	\$ 1,093,763 2,487,931	\$ 2,598,645 9,429,722	\$ 3,367,578 10,019,757	
Write-off of mineral properties Write-off of equipment	14,827	13,476 32,128	14,827	3,865,513 32,128	
Listing expense Foreign exchange loss (gain) Interest income	- 80,639 (176,450)	- 96,035 (206,840)	- 174,669 (508,677)	800,000 (15,376) (325,079)	
Other income Net loss for the period	(15,000) \$ 3,709,363	(15,000) \$ 3,501,493	(45,000) \$ 11,664,186	(15,000) \$ 17,729,521	
Net loss for the period attributed to:					
Common shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interest (Note 13)	2,578,670 1,130,693 \$ 3,709,363	2,434,888 	7,678,236 3,985,950 \$ 11,664,186	12,617,230 5,112,291 \$ 17,729,521	
				<u> </u>	
Net loss for the period	\$ 3,709,363	\$ 3,501,493	\$ 11,664,186	\$ 17,729,521	
Loss (gain) on translation to presentation currency	159,678	(192,696)	207,720	(239,715)	
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$ 3,869,041	\$ 3,308,797	\$ 11,871,906	\$ 17,489,806	
Comprehensive loss for the period attributed to: Common shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interest (Note 13)	\$ 3,021,203 847,838	\$ 1,893,252 1,415,545	\$ 8,265,239 3,606,667	\$ 11,990,894 5,498,912	
Non-controlling interest (Note 13)	\$ 3,869,041	\$ 3,308,797	\$ 11,871,906	\$ 17,489,806	
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.15	
Basic and diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding	107,405,790	107,405,790	107,405,790	84,121,077	

Orca Gold Inc. Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

	Nine	months ended September 30,
	2014	2013
Cash flows from (for) operating activities Net loss for the period Add non-cash items	\$ (11,664,186)	\$ (17,729,521)
Depreciation of equipment (Note 5) Write-off of mineral properties Write-off of equipment	392,804 14,827	281,679 3,865,513 32,128
Stock-based compensation expense Listing expense	781,382 -	2,243,145 800,000
3 1 7 1 1 1	(10,475,173)	(10,507,056)
Changes in non-cash working capital items Receivables and other assets Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	134,836 (1,420,198) (11,760,535)	(39,808) (453,325) (11,000,189)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from exercise of stock options	<u>-</u>	168,927 168,927
Cash flows from (for) investing activities Payment to increase interest in MSMCL (Note 13) Purchase of equipment Purchase of short-term investments Cash acquired in Canaco's acquisition Transaction costs paid on acquisition of Canaco	(3,257,100) (428,344) (2,982,137) - (6,667,581)	(3,101,097) (346,821) - 60,622,084 (387,160) 56,787,006
Foreign exchange on cash	(48,501)	37,738
Increase (decrease) in cash Cash, beginning of period Cash, end of period	(18,476,617) 47,958,645 \$ 29,482,028	45,993,482 5,412,998 \$ 51,406,480

Orca Gold Inc.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
(All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated)
(Unaudited)

		Equity Attributed to Common Shareholders						
	Number of		<u> </u>	Accumulated				
	Shares			Other			Non-	
	Issued and	Share	Contributed	Comprehensive			controlling	
	Outstanding	Capital	Surplus	Income (Loss)	Deficit	Total	Interest	Total
Balance January 1, 2014	107,405,790	82,739,268	3,352,497	841,045	(28,179,356)	58,753,454	(8,187,593)	50,565,861
Stock-based compensation expense (Note 8)	-	-	781,382	-	-	781,382	-	781,382
Increase in proportionate								
shareholding in MSMCL (Note 13)	-	-	-	(63,167)	(7,425,073)	(7,488,240)	4,231,140	(3,257,100)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(7,678,236)	(7,678,236)	(3,985,950)	(11,664,186)
Gain (loss) on translation to								
presentation currency	-	-	-	(587,003)	-	(587,003)	379,283	(207,720)
Balance September 30, 2014	107,405,790	\$ 82,739,268	\$ 4,133,879	\$ 190,875	\$ (43,282,665)	\$ 43,781,357	\$ (7,563,120)	\$ 36,218,237
Balance January 1, 2013	39,528,245	22,869,280	-	(11,339)	(7,216,102)	15,641,839	(2,364,271)	13,277,568
Existing shares of Orca	67,305,879	59,318,661	1,036,539	-	-	60,355,200	-	60,355,200
Exercise of stock options	571,666	551,327	(382,400)	-	-	168,927	-	168,927
Stock-based compensation expense	-	-	2,243,145	-	-	2,243,145	-	2,243,145
Increase in proportionate								
shareholding in MSMCL	-	-	-	(124,902)	(4,976,344)	(5,101,246)	2,000,149	(3,101,097)
Net loss for the period	-	-	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(12,617,230)	(12,617,230)	(5,112,291)	(17,729,521)
Gain (loss) on translation to					•	•		•
presentation currency	-	-	-	626,336	-	626,336	(386,621)	239,715
Balance September 30, 2013	107,405,790	\$ 82,739,268	\$ 2,897,284	\$ 490,095	\$ (24,809,676)	\$ 61,316,971	\$ (5,863,034)	\$ 55,453,937

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Orca Gold Inc. ("Orca" or the "Company") is a resource company engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Africa. As an exploration-stage company with no current sources of revenues, it is dependent on its ability to raise funds through the equity markets to support its future activities. Orca is a public company listed on the TSX-V and trades under the symbol "ORG.V".

Orca was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) on January 13, 1987 and its registered office is located at Suite 2600, 595 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V7X 1L3.

The Company's significant subsidiaries are Sand Metals Company Limited ("SMCL") and Meyas Sand Minerals Company Limited ("MSMCL"), which are located and operate in the Republic of Sudan.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. As such, certain disclosures included in the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), have been condensed or omitted. Accordingly, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. Other than for the adoption of the accounting policies disclosed in Note 3 below, the Company has consistently applied the same accounting policies disclosed in Note 5 to the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. Certain comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform to the basis of presentation adopted in the current period.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by Orca's board of directors on November 26, 2014.

3. ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company has adopted IFRC 21, Levies, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. The Company has determined that the adoption of this standard has resulted in no impact on its consolidated financial statements. The following is a brief summary of the new standard:

IFRIC 21 addresses when an entity recognizes a liability to pay a government levy, other than income taxes, in accordance with IAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. In the case of government levies, IFRIC 21 provides clarity that the obligating event that gives rise to the liability is the activity described in the applicable legislation which triggers the payment of the levy.

4. RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Prepaid expenses	174,612	245,173
Other receivables	53,517	120,870
Total receivables and other assets	228,129	366,043

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

5. EQUIPMENT

5. EQUIPMENT	Computer	Office Furniture	Vehicles and Mobile	Field and Camp	
Cost	Equipment		Equipment	Equipment	Total
As at January 1, 2013	158,661	45,424	728,435	593,103	1,525,623
Additions	55,685	15,224	86,389	299,327	456,625
Reclassifications	13,409	-	(13,409)	-	-
Write-off and disposal of equipment	-	(4,766)	-	(77,912)	(82,678)
Effects of foreign exchange on translation to presentation currency	21,069	6,070	89,953	85,325	202,417
As at December 31, 2013	248,824	61,952	891,368	899,843	2,101,987
Additions	32,683	10,144	202,348	214,382	459,557
Effects of foreign exchange on translation to presentation currency	(9,918)	(2,583)	(39,732)	(40,568)	(92,801)
As at September 30, 2014	271,589	69,513	1,053,984	1,073,657	2,468,743
Accumulated depreciation					
As at January 1, 2013	(33,613)	(4,737)	(85,904)	(113,897)	(238,151)
Depreciation for the year	(67,515)	(8,614)	(120,090)	(192,700)	(388,919)
Write-off and disposal of equipment	-	871	-	44,222	45,093
Effects of foreign exchange on translation to presentation currency	(5,692)	(1,110)	(18,652)	(23,961)	(49,415)
As at December 31, 2013	(106,820)	(13,590)	(224,646)	(286,336)	(631,392)
Depreciation for the period	(61,875)	(8,575)	(123,352)	(199,002)	(392,804)
Effects of foreign exchange on translation to presentation currency	6,468	855	13,302	18,856	39,481
As at September 30, 2014	(162,227)	(21,310)	(334,696)	(466,482)	(984,715)
Net book amount					
As at December 31, 2013	142,004	48,362	666,722	613,507	1,470,595
As at September 30, 2014	109,362	48,203	719,288	607,175	1,484,028

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

6. MINERAL PROPERTIES

_		Sudan	
Cost	Northern Blocks	South-eastern Blocks	Total
As at January 1, 2013	3,751,501	3,852,037	7,603,538
Write-off of mineral properties	(13,476)	(3,852,037)	(3,865,513)
Effects of foreign exchange on translation to presentation currency	400,374	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	400,374
As at December 31, 2013	4,138,399	-	4,138,399
Write-off of mineral property	(14,827)	-	(14,827)
Effects of foreign exchange on translation to presentation currency	(141,085)	-	(141,085)
As at September 30, 2014	3,982,487	-	3,982,487

On the basis of the Company's continuous assessment of technical results and reprioritization of its mineral projects, the Company has ceased further exploration work on one of its Northern Blocks, Block 68, and relinquished the related exploration license. As a result, the carrying value of Block 68 has been written off to \$nil in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss during the three months ended September 30, 2014.

The Company's sole mineral project as at September 30, 2014 is Block 14, located in the northern part of the Republic of Sudan.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

7. SHARE CAPITAL

The authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares, with no par value.

The Company's issued and outstanding stock options were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share because they are anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

8. STOCK OPTIONS

a) Stock option plan

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") in which common shares have been made available for the Company to grant incentive stock options to certain directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. Under the Plan, the total number of options outstanding at any given point in time cannot exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Vesting and terms of the option agreement are at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

The total stock-based compensation for the nine month period ended September 30, 2014 was \$781,000 (2013: \$2,243,000). Stock-based compensation of \$696,000 (2013: \$1,950,000) has been allocated to Administration Expenses and \$85,000 (2013: \$293,000) to Exploration Expenses for employees directly involved in exploration activities.

The unrecognized compensation cost for non-vested share options at September 30, 2014 was \$281,000 (December 31, 2013: \$1,106,000).

b) Stock options outstanding

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

		Weighted average
	Number of shares	exercise price
	(In thousands)	CDN\$
Options recognized on acquisition of Shark Minerals Inc.	4,815	\$7.08
Granted	5,850	\$0.90
Exercised	(572)	\$0.30
Expired	(3,523)	\$7.79
Forfeited	(150)	\$0.90
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	6,420	\$1.81
Forfeited	(67)	\$0.90
Outstanding at September 30, 2014	6,353	\$1.82
Exercisable at September 30, 2014	4,487	\$2.20

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

The following summarizes information about the stock options outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2014:

	Outstanding options			Exercisable options		
		Weighted			Weighted	
		average	Weighted		average	Weighted
	Number of	remaining	average	Number of	remaining	average
Exercise	options	contractual	exercise	options	contractual	exercise
prices	outstanding	life	price	exercisable	life	price
(CDN\$)	(In thousands)	(Years)	(CDN\$)	(In thousands)	(Years)	(CDN\$)
\$0.90	5,600	1.55	\$0.90	3,734	1.55	\$0.90
\$1.20 - \$1.50	337	2.71	\$1.22	337	2.71	\$1.22
\$14.52 - \$14.64	416	1.18	\$14.64	416	1.18	\$14.64
	6,353	1.59	\$1.82	4,487	1.61	\$2.20

9. ADMINISTRATION COSTS

	Three mon	ths ended	Nine months ended		
	Sept	ember 30,	Sep	tember 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Office and administration	74,464	130,994	230,539	212,264	
Management and consulting fees	295,352	234,070	766,923	515,268	
Salaries and benefits	163,808	173,537	503,732	310,100	
Stock based compensation expense	139,296	417,921	696,513	1,950,301	
Travel and promotion	129,242	101,881	292,869	251,201	
Professional fees	20,119	35,360	107,985	128,444	
Depreciation	84	-	84	-	
Total administration costs	822,365	1,093,763	2,598,645	3,367,578	

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

10. EXPLORATION AND PROJECT INVESTIGATION COSTS

Three months		\$	Gudan		
ended		Northern	South-eastern		
September 30,		Blocks	Blocks	Other	Total
2014	Drilling	728,084	-	-	728,084
	Salaries and benefits	727,324	-	28,311	755,635
	Stock-based compensation expense	15,777	-	1,040	16,817
	Sampling, satellite and geological costs	387,374	-	-	387,374
	Field operation and consumables	432,966	-	1,217	434,183
	Exploration support and administration	151,420	-	34,534	185,954
	Travel and accommodation	86,011	-	44	86,055
	Geological consulting	191,698	-	17,031	208,729
	Permitting and licensing fees	48,147	-	-	48,147
	Depreciation	72,955	-	59,049	132,004
	Total exploration and project investigation costs	2,841,756	-	141,226	2,982,982
2013	Drilling	384,741			384,741
2013	Salaries and benefits	834,141	-	- 90,211	924,352
	Stock-based compensation expense	50,797	-	5,638	56,435
	Sampling, satellite and geological costs	315,552	-	23,366	338,918
	Field operation and consumables	212,982	-	8,200	221,182
	Exploration support and administration	135,109	-	14,282	149,391
	Travel and accommodation	98,401	-	4,004	149,391
		•	-	•	•
	Geological consulting	96,253	-	34,126	130,379
	Permitting and licensing fees	69,256	-	11,921	81,177
	Depreciation Tatal symbols and project investigation costs	76,733	-	22,218	98,951
	Total exploration and project investigation costs	2,273,965	-	213,966	2,487,931

Orca Gold Inc.
Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013
(All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated)
(Unaudited)

Nine months		S	Gudan		
ended September 30,		Northern Blocks	South-eastern Blocks	Other	Total
2014	Drilling	2,445,648	-	-	2,445,648
	Salaries and benefits	2,203,642	-	29,500	2,233,142
	Stock based compensation	83,747	-	1,121	84,868
	Sampling, satellite and geological costs	1,658,517	-	-	1,658,517
	Field operation and consumables	1,112,035	-	2,324	1,114,359
	Exploration support and administration	479,076	-	42,843	521,919
	Travel and accommodation	301,546	-	762	302,308
	Geological consulting	413,169	-	73,171	486,340
	Permitting and licensing fees	189,901	-	-	189,901
	Depreciation	286,094	-	106,626	392,720
	Total exploration and project investigation costs	9,173,375	-	256,347	9,429,722
2013	Drilling	3,917,671	124	-	3,917,795
	Salaries and benefits	1,812,724	125,067	154,701	2,092,492
	Stock-based compensation expense	263,586	· -	29,258	292,844
	Sampling, satellite and geological costs	831,469	92,302	48,354	972,125
	Field operation and consumables	929,790	28,123	27,132	985,045
	Exploration support and administration	479,390	25,787	40,971	546,148
	Travel and accommodation	333,359	15,238	16,830	365,427
	Geological consulting	289,386	13,377	75,794	378,557
	Permitting and licensing fees	149,516	21,019	17,110	187,645
	Depreciation	177,232	40,793	63,654	281,679
	Total exploration and project investigation costs	9,184,123	361,830	473,804	10,019,757

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related parties with which the Company has transacted during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, were Hugh Stuart Exploration Consulting Ltd. ("HSEC"), RB Energy Inc. ("RB Energy"), Meyas Nub Multiactivities Company Limited ("Meyas Nub") and SinoTech (Hong Kong) Corporate Limited ("SinoTech"). Other than Meyas Nub and SinoTech, these companies are related by way of directors, officers and shareholders in common. Meyas Nub is identified as a related party as a result of its ability to exert significant influence on MSMCL through its non-controlling equity interest (Note 13). SinoTech is related by virtue of its greater than 10% shareholding in the Company. Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amounts.

a) Services received from related parties

			nths ended tember 30,		nths ended tember 30,
	Related party	2014	2013	2014	2013
Drilling and exploration support	Meyas Nub	194,387	166,328	624,797	228,709
Geological consulting	SinoTech	24,592	24,201	72,028	32,000
Geological consulting	HSEC	192,351	123,379	472,183	360,093
Management fees	HSEC	-	-	-	40,352
Support and administration	RB Energy	111,000	141,000	333,000	277,300
Support and administration	SinoTech	7,500	14,000	22,500	14,000
Total related parties costs		529,830	468,908	1,524,508	952,454

b) Related party balances

The amounts due from (to) related parties by the Company, and the components of the consolidated statement of financial position in which they are included, are as follows:

	Related party	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Meyas Nub	(141,764)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	RB Energy	(76,545)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	HSEC	(133,296)	(108,550)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	SinoTech	(31,431)	(24,000)
Receivables and other assets	HSEC	-	971

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

c) Key management compensation

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel includes the Company's executive officers and vice-presidents.

The remuneration of key management personnel were as follows:

		nths ended tember 30,	Nine months ended September 30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Salaries and management fees	141,581	122,949	406,638	239,911	
Short term benefits	2,929	2,907	8,786	5,436	
Stock-based compensation	66,134	198,406	330,672	925,895	
Total key management compensation	210,644	324,262	746,096	1,171,242	

12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's operations currently consist of the acquisition and exploration of mineral resources in the Republic of Sudan. Materially all of the Company's equipment and exploration and project investigation costs are located and incurred in the Republic of Sudan, whereas materially all of the Company's cash is held by the Canadian parent.

13. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

On March 1, 2012, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Orca, SMCL, closed a transaction whereby it acquired the right and option to a 70% interest in MSMCL, a Sudanese company incorporated to hold the Block 14 exploration license in the Republic of Sudan. Under the purchase agreement, SMCL agreed to pay the holder of the license USD \$9.5 million in three installments, in exchange for an increasing ownership interest in MSMCL, as follows:

Date	Payment	Total ownership interest
March 1, 2012	USD \$3.5 million	35.0%
September 30, 2013	USD \$3.0 million	52.5%
September 30, 2014	USD \$3.0 million	70.0%

Under the agreement, the Company must fund all exploration, development and construction costs to commercial production in accordance with the purchase agreement.

On August 28, 2014, the Company made its third and final installment payment of USD \$3.0 million and has crystalized its interest in MSMCL at 70% and reduced the non-controlling interest in MSMCL from 47.5% to 30%. Accordingly, the Company adjusted the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests disclosed in its shareholders' equity to reflect the new relative ownership interests in MSMCL. The changes to the non-controlling interest for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, including this adjustment, are as follows:

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (All amounts expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

Balance, January 1, 2013	2,364,271
Non-controlling interest's 65% share of MSMCL's comprehensive	
loss, from January 1, 2013 to September 11, 2013	5,064,856
Balance, before change in non-controlling interest in MSMCL	7,429,127
Change in the non-controlling interest in MSMCL from 65%	
to 47.5%	(2,000,149)
Non-controlling interest's 47.5% share of MSMCL's comprehensive	
loss, from September 12, 2013 to December 31, 2013	2,758,615
Balance, December 31, 2013	8,187,593
Non-controlling interest's 47.5% share of MSMCL's comprehensive	
loss, from January 1, 2014 to August 28, 2014	3,296,931
Balance, before change in non-controlling interest in MSMCL	11,484,524
Change in the non-controlling interest in MSMCL from 47.5%	
to 30%	(4,231,140)
Non-controlling interest's 30% share of MSMCL's comprehensive	,
loss, from August 29, 2014 to September 30, 2014	309,736
Balance, September 30, 2014	7,563,120

The impact of the change in the non-controlling interest in MSMCL from 47.5% to 30% includes:

- \$4,170,879 for the additional portion of the non-controlling interest's cumulative net losses allocated to SMCL;
- \$63,167 representing the additional portion of the non-controlling interest's accumulated other comprehensive losses allocated to SMCL; net of,
- the decrease in the non-controlling interest's amount of the share capital of MSMCL.

The Company also recognized directly in deficit the difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest was adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid (i.e. USD \$3.0 million).



CORPORATE DIRECTORY

OFFICERS

Richard Clark

Chairman of the Board

L. Simon Jackson

President/Chief Executive Officer

Alessandro Bitelli

Chief Financial Officer

Hugh Stuart

Vice President - Exploration

DIRECTORS

Richard Clark

Compensation Committee

Corporate Governance and Nominating

Committee

L. Simon Jackson

Dr. Jingbin Wang

Audit Committee

Compensation Committee

Shuixing Fu

Corporate Governance and Nominating

Committee

Robert F. Chase

Audit Committee

Corporate Governance and Nominating

Committee

Alexander Davidson

Audit Committee

Compensation Committee

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REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

Computershare Trust Company of Canada Vancouver, British Columbia Canada

SHARE LISTING

TSX Venture Exchange Symbol: ORG

CUSIP No.: 68558N102 ISIN: CA68558N1024